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HYPERSPECTRAL IMAGER SUITE (HISUI) ONBOARD INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION:



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HYPERSPECTRAL IMAGER SUITE (HISUI)

Funding		Ministry of Economy, Trada, and Industry (METI), Japan
Operation		Japan Space Systems
Launch		December 2019
Platform		International Space Station
Imaging Type / Spectral Dispersion		Pushbroom / Grating
Spatial Resolution / Swath		20 m (CT) x 30 m (AT) / 20 km
Spectral	Range / Bands	0.4 - 2.5 μm / 185 bands
	Resolution	10 – 12.5 nm
	Binning	4 (VNIR) and 2 (SWIR)
SNR (30% albedo)		≥ 450 @620 nm ≥ 300 @2100 nm
MTF		≥ 0.2
Dynamic Range		Saturated at 70% albedo
Spectral Calibration		VNIR : 0.2 nm SWIR :0.625 nm
Radiometric Calibration		Absolute : $\pm 5\%$, among bands : $\pm 2\%$
Onboard Calibration Sources		Halogen lamp and filter wheel
Quantization / Data Compression		12 bits / Lossless (70%)
Telescope Diameter		≈ 30 cm
HISUI Exposed Payload Dimensions / Mass		≈ 2.3 x 1.5 x 1.6 m, ≈ 570 kg
Mass Storage		30 HDDs were launched with HISUI.

EVENTS

 Successfully launched and installed on ISS Japan Experiment Module (JEM) / Exposed Facility in 2019.

- ✓ More than six months were spent to solve data communication problems. HISUI observation finally resumed in September 2020.
- ✓ The 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th HDD deliveries from ISS to the Earth were in July and September 2021 and January and September 2022. The data in HDDs were about 14 TB, 11 TB, 15 TB, and 8 TB.
- According to onboard calibration data with lamps and filters, radiometric sensitivity has been stable during its launch and the operation in space. To remove stripes and even/odd differences, new gains and offsets are used in the new L1 processing.
- ✓ The current absolute spectral calibration is based on the absorption features caused by the Earth's atmosphere. A paper published.
- ✓ According to the latest implementation schedule of Basic Plan on Space Policy of Japan, HISUI will be operated until FY2023. The operation in FY2024 and beyond is being discussed.

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OJAXA/NASA HISUI

MAPS AND CHARTS



HISUI COVERAGE MAPS (16MONTHS)



Period: October 2020 – January 2022

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HISUI PRODUCT LIST

Name (Format)	Description
Level 0	Raw data
Level 1A (TIFF + Binary)	Raw DN product with all radiometric calibration coefficients. Spatial resampling is not applied.
Level 1R (TIFF + Binary)	Top-of-atmosphere spectral radiance product. Spatial resampling is not applied.
Level 1G <mark>(Geo1IFF)</mark>	Geometrically corrected / orthorectified top-of-atmosphere spectral radiance product. Parallax correction, keystone property, and spectral continuity between VNIR and SWIR spectrometers are considered.
Level 2G (TBD)	Atmospherically corrected surface spectral reflectance product generated from L1G with QA information. This is Science Product for research purpose and will be validated at selected validation sites.

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DESTRIPING



HISUI SWIR Decorrelation Stretch Images (Band 118:159:162)

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HISUI SPETCRAL CAL. - VNIR



Fig. 7. Values of (a) $\delta\lambda$ and (b) W_{FM} for Band V1 (O₂ absorption band at $\lambda = 765$ nm) for ID 210603 plotted against x_s . Red curves indicate the average of the five lines A, B, C, D, and E in Fig. 6. Black arrows denote an inherent jagged pattern at $x_s = 140$, and red arrows denote inherent jagged patterns at $x_s = 60$ and 920. $\delta\lambda$: Wavelength deviation from its original wavelength assignment W_{FM} : FWHM of the Gaussian Model

8 Yamamoto et al, IEEE TGRS, 2022

HISUI SPETCRAL CAL. - SWIR



Fig. 8. (a) $\delta\lambda$ and (b) WFM for SWIR for Bands S1 (O₂ 1260 nm absorption band), S2 (CO₂ 2010 nm absorption band), and S3 (CO₂ 2060 nm absorption band) . $\delta\lambda$: Wavelength deviation from its original wavelength assignment W_{FM} : FWHM of the Gaussian Model

Yamamoto et al, IEEE TGRS, 2022

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"The updated smile correction table improves the spectral smile and crosstrack dependence of W_{FM} in VNIR and reduces the amount of spectral smile in SWIR to be within 2.1–2.2 nm."



HISUI spectral mapping examples for (a1-a2) Fe-bearing minerals (ferric iron and ferrous iron), (b1-b2) oxidized copper minerals, and (c1-c2) clay minerals (white mica and kaoline).

BATHYMETRY



METHANE MAPPING



surface spectral reflectance



ADDITIONAL INFO.

Data policy

Free data. Anyone will be able to access the same data.

Data request procedures / access

Submit Research Announcement proposal to JSS.

Upcoming mission priorities

Obtain data as much as possible until mission termination

Mission calibration and data validation

The National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST) is responsible HISUI calibration. Japan Space System (JSS) is responsible HISUI validation.

Harmonisation of data formats, products definition and toolboxes
 Data from HISUI and other national satellites will be utilized in Tellus.
 (https://www.tellusxdp.com/)

TELLUS JAPANESE SATELLITE DATA PLATFORM https://www.tellusxdp.com/



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About HISUI Project and Research Announcement : hisui-info@hisui.jspacesystems.or.jp https://www.hisui.go.jp/en/index.html hisui_application@jspacesystems.or.jp https://www.jspacesystems.or.jp/en/project/observation/hisui/

The delivery of HISUI data to Research Announcement users (priority domestic users) started.